

Datum: 28.09.2026.

Broj: 02-06- 1065

TI BIH I VAŠA PRAVA BIH PREDSTAVILI REZULTATE ISTRAŽIVANJA: JAVNOST I DALJE TEŠKO DOLAZI DO PUNIH INFORMACIJA O POTROŠNJI JAVNOG NOVCA

Sarajevo, 28. septembar 2026. godine – Gotovo svaki treći zahtjev za pristup informacijama javne institucije u BiH i dalje ne riješe u zakonskom roku, dok približno trećina zahtjeva ne rezultira dostavljanjem svih traženih informacija. Posebno loša praksa zabilježena je kod ministarstava u Republici Srpskoj, gdje je svega 10% odluka doneseno u zakonom propisanoj formi, što je najniži nivo formalne usklađenosti među posmatranim kategorijama institucija.

To su rezultati istraživanja koje su Transparency International u BiH (TI BiH) i Udruženje Vaša prava BiH (VP BiH), okviru projekta „Access4All“ koji finansira Evropska unija, a koji podržava unapređenje pristupa informacijama u BiH, predstavili na konferenciji povodom Međunarodnog dana slobode pristupa informacijama. Istraživanje je obuhvatilo 278 zahtjeva upućenih javnim organima širom BiH i pokazalo da je, uprkos određenom napretku u odnosu na 2024. godinu, primjena zakona i dalje neujednačena.

U odnosu na 2024. godinu, procenat zahtjeva riješenih u zakonskom roku povećan je sa 56,5% na 67,6%, dok je udio zahtjeva kod kojih su dostavljene sve tražene informacije porastao sa 35,5% na 66,2%. Ipak, formalna zakonitost postupanja ostaje ozbiljan problem, jer je u ukupnom uzorku svega 27,3% odluka doneseno u zakonom propisanoj formi.

Uprkos pozitivnim pomacima u procentu dostavljanja podataka, istraživanje je ukazalo na izrazito nizak nivo formalne usklađenosti odluka sa zakonom, čime se podnosiocima zahtjeva znatno otežava pravna zaštita. Dok ministarstva na nivou BiH i Federacije BiH zabilježili stepen formalne usklađenosti od 77,8% odnosno 75%, usklađenost odgovora ministarstva u Republici Srpskoj iznosila je svega 10%, što ukazuje na prostor za unapređenje u pogledu forme odgovora i pružanja informacija koje podnosioci zahtjeva traže. Posebno je problematična situacija u zdravstvenim ustanovama koje su donijele svega 25,3% odluka u propisanoj formi, a centri za socijalni rad 16,8%.

Zbog uskraćivanja informacija i nepostupanja po zahtjevima TI BiH je, u okviru istraživanja započetog 2024. godine, pokrenuo 18 upravnih sporova protiv javnih organa od kojih je 13

Udruženje za borbu protiv korupcije “Transparency International” u Bosni i Hercegovini
Reg. Br. UP08-07-1-616/11, Ministarstvo pravde BiH, Sarajevo

Sjedište: Krfska 64e, 78000 Banja Luka, Tel/Fax +387 51 224 521, 216 369, 224520
Ispostava: Zmaja od Bosne 20/1 71000 Sarajevo Tel/Fax +387 33 220 049, 220 047
E-mail: info@ti-bih.org

ti-bih.org | transparentno.ba | prijavikorupciju.org

okončano i u svim tim predmetima sudovi su usvojili tužbe TI BiH, dok je pet postupaka još u toku. Sudovi su u analiziranim predmetima utvrđivali nezakonitosti prilikom uskraćivanja informacija, naročito kada su se institucije pozivale na zaštitu privatnosti bez odgovarajućeg razmatranja javnog interesa kod podataka o zapošljavanju, platama i ugovorima o djelu.

Problem se, međutim, u pojedinim slučajevima nastavlja i nakon sudske presude. Analiza pokazuje da su pojedini organi nakon poništenja svojih odluka ponovo uskraćivali informacije, kasnili sa donošenjem novih odluka ili nisu postupali u skladu sa pravnim shvatanjem suda, te je TI BiH u dva slučaja zbog takvog postupanja morao ponovo pokrenuti upravne sporove.

Na konferenciji su predstavljani i dalji koraci u okviru [inicijative za izmjene zakona o slobodi pristupa informacijama](#), koju je u aprilu ove godine pokrenuo TI BiH zajedno sa još 27 organizacija civilnog društva. Inicijativom su predložene izmjene zakona na svim nivoima vlasti s ciljem jačanja mehanizama nadzora i odgovornosti, unapređenja pravne zaštite i uvođenja jasnijih obaveza proaktivnog objavljivanja informacija. Više od pet mjeseci nakon njenog upućivanja, nadležna entitetska ministarstva nisu dostavila odgovor niti povratne informacije na predložene izmjene, dok je na nivou BiH dostavljen formalni odgovor, ali bez konkretnih koraka na unapređenju zakonskog okvira.

Predstavljani su i rezultati korištenja online platforme „[Pristupi informacijama](#)“, razvijene u okviru istog projekta finansirang od strane Evropske unije, koja građanima, novinarima, aktivistima i organizacijama civilnog društva omogućava jednostavnije ostvarivanje prava na pristup informacijama. Putem platforme do sada je kreirano ukupno 967 zahtjeva za pristup informacijama, urgencija i žalbi, što pokazuje konkretnu potrebu za alatima koji građanima olakšavaju korištenje zakonskih mehanizama za pristup informacijama.

TI BiH and Vaša prava BiH Present Research Findings: The Public Still Faces Difficulties in Accessing Full Information on Public Spending

Sarajevo, 28 September 2026 – Almost one in three requests for access to information submitted to public institutions in Bosnia and Herzegovina are still not processed within the legally prescribed deadline, while approximately one-third of requests do not result in the disclosure of all requested information. Particularly poor practices were recorded among ministries in Republika Srpska, where only 10% of decisions were issued in the legally prescribed form, representing the lowest level of formal compliance among the categories of institutions covered by the research.

These are the findings of research conducted by Transparency International in Bosnia and Herzegovina (TI BiH) and Vaša prava BiH (VP BiH), as part of the EU funded project „Access4All“ supporting access to information in Bosnia and Herzegovina. It was presented at a conference marking the International Day for Universal Access to Information. The research covered 278 requests submitted to public authorities across Bosnia and Herzegovina and showed that, despite some progress compared to 2024, the implementation of access to information legislation remains inconsistent.

Compared to 2024, the percentage of requests processed within the statutory deadline increased from 56.5% to 67.6%, while the share of requests for which all requested information was provided increased from 35.5% to 66.2%. Nevertheless, formal compliance with legal requirements remains a serious problem, as only 27.3% of decisions in the overall sample were issued in the form prescribed by law.

Despite positive developments in the percentage of information disclosed, the research highlighted a particularly low level of formal compliance of decisions with legal requirements, significantly limiting applicants' access to legal remedies. While ministries at the state level and in the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina recorded formal compliance rates of 77.8% and 75%, respectively, the corresponding rate for ministries in Republika Srpska was 10%, indicating scope for improvement in the form of responses and the provision of information requested by applicants. in a form that complied with the law and provided applicants with the information they had requested. The situation was particularly problematic among healthcare institutions, which issued only 25.3% of decisions in the prescribed form, while social welfare centres did so in only 16.8% of cases.

Udruženje za borbu protiv korupcije "Transparency International" u Bosni i Hercegovini
Reg. Br. UP08-07-1-616/11, Ministarstvo pravde BiH, Sarajevo

Sjedište: Krfska 64e, 78000 Banja Luka, Tel/Fax +387 51 224 521, 216 369, 224520
Ispostava: Zmaja od Bosne 20/1 71000 Sarajevo Tel/Fax +387 33 220 049, 220 047
E-mail: info@ti-bih.org

ti-bih.org | transparentno.ba | prijavikorupciju.org

Due to respond to requests, TI BiH, as part of the research initiated in 2024, filed 18 administrative lawsuits against public authorities. Thirteen of these cases have been concluded, and in all of them the courts upheld TI BiH's claims, while five proceedings remain ongoing. In the cases analysed, courts identified unlawful practices in the denial of access to information, particularly where institutions invoked privacy protection without adequately considering the public interest in information concerning employment, salaries and service contracts.

However, in some cases, the problem persists even after a court judgment has been issued. The analysis shows that, following the annulment of their decisions, some public authorities again refused to disclose information, delayed the adoption of new decisions, or failed to act in accordance with the court's legal reasoning. As a result, TI BiH had to initiate new administrative proceedings in two cases.

The conference also presented further steps under the [initiative to amend access to information legislation](#) launched by TI BiH in April this year together with 27 other civil society organisations. The initiative proposes amendments to legislation at all levels of government aimed at strengthening oversight and accountability mechanisms, improving legal protection, and introducing clearer obligations for the proactive publication of information. More than five months after the proposed amendments were submitted, the relevant entity-level ministries have provided neither a response nor feedback, while the state-level authorities have provided a formal response but no concrete steps towards improving the legislative framework.

The conference also presented results from the use of the [“Pristup informacijama” \(Access to Information\)](#) platform, developed within the same EU-funded project, which enables citizens, journalists, activists and civil society organisations to exercise their right of access to information more easily. To date, the platform has been used to create a total of **967 requests for access to information, follow-up requests and appeals**, demonstrating the concrete need for tools that facilitate citizens' use of legal mechanisms for accessing information.